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THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

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VOL. XV., NO. 4135. PORTSMOUTH, N. H., THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1898. PRICE 2 CENTS

A GREAT INDUCEMENT FOR YOU

TO PAY CASH FOR YOUR BOOTS AND SHOES,

Clothing, Hats, Caps and Furnishing Goods,

AND TO BUY OF ME.

OUR OFFER:—With each 25 cent purchase we will give you a certificate; when you have secured 100 certificates we will sell you a bicycle that is listed at $85.00 for $27.85. Come in and let us explain how we can make you this GREAT OFFER. Every wheel warranted.

Wm. H. FAY

Shoes Clothing and Furnishings,

3 Congress Street, Portsmouth N. H.

Spring Goods Arriving Daily

WHITE PINE AND TAR.

B. and N.,

Promptly Cures a Cough and Relieves Throat Irritation.

BOARDMAN & NORTON,

Apothecaries,

Directly Opposite Post Office.

You can't afford to buy a bicycle before examining our line.

Columbia Chain Bicycles

$75

Embody every feature of the Columbia Chainless except the driving gear.

Columbia Bevel-Gear Chainless, $125. Hartfords $50, Vedettes $40 and $35
New Special, gents, $30.00 New Special, ladies, $32.50.

W. W. McIntire, - - High St.

Only Bicycle Store in the city open all the year.

ALL WHO ARE

In a position to know acknowledge the excellence of our work, and our prices are right.

LAWRENCE,

FINE TAILORING,

9 CONGRESS ST.

THE NATIONAL BICYCLE.

The acme of Excellence in cycle construction. We shall be pleased to explain its merits to all who call.

F. B. Parshley & Co.,

16 Congress St.

Seeds! Seeds!

A NEW STOCK - A NEW STORE

75 Market Street, Portsmouth, N. H.

Seed Potatoes,

A full line of farming tools, the latest patterns. Fertilizers, seven different brands. Hens food, all kinds; Salt, all grades. A full line of wheel stock, and in fact everything that one needs about a farm or for their garden. Give us a call.

S. A. Scribner & Son.

A PLEASURE

To clean one of J. S. Tilton's fine harnesses is the verdict from the coachman. The leather is so fine, pliable and durable, and the trimmings are so heavily plated, that it always looks perfectly new. They keep every requisite for the stable in harness, collars, bridles, boots, blankets, etc., in all the latest improved designs and styles.

JOHN S. TILTON,

18 Congress Street.

MARSHALL NASON TALKS.

Sarborn'ville's Alleged Murderer Protests His Innocence.

Stiles Characterized as a Tool in Hands of Cons able Lang.

Marshall Nason, alias Peter Shackley, the accused murderer who is now in charge of deputy sheriff Collis, is a urged, well-built man, weighing overr 200 pounds, of medium height and with full neck and large head. When questioned concerning the alleged crime, he said:

"I am innocent of all this which they now say I did. I can't see why these men, Stiles and Sherburn, should accuse me of ever doing so horrible an act. If there is a God in heaven, I wish that he might come down and I would swear before him, that I am innocent Furthermore, if I did do as they claim I did, I would as leave stand here facing you, with eyes wide open, and allow you the privilege of shooting me down. I think that both these men, if what they say is true, and that they were eye witnesses to the affair, should be held responsible for not divulging this secret long ago.

"Now about this harness which has been spoken of, I was sick in bed, when one evening I heard a tap on my window, made by a fish pole. Going to the window I asked what was wanted. Sherburn and Stiles were outside and asked of me the privilege of leaving a harness with me for safe keeping. Afterwards I found that the same had been stolen I was a fool for allowing this to remain in my possession."

"Can you tell, Mr. Nason, about your whereabouts at the time it is alleged the murder was committed?"

"No, I can't. I don't seem to remember where I was. However, I know that sometime near then, I was working for a stableman at Springvale. I never drove a team, as is alleged, from Wolfeborough to this liveryman's. The hardest thing that I have to contend with is my uncertainty as to my whereabouts at that time. I think if my mother would try she could tell where and what I was doing. I never drove a stranger into the woods. The officer tried hard to get me to say that I had a team and drove a stranger away, and that I returned home minus a wagon mat, but he could not make me. Again I say I am innocent. I don't know what my poor old mother will say. I suppose she is sick from what she has heard."

Here, Nason nearly broke down, the tears coming to his eyes. He soon regained himself and practically went over the case again. He says that Sherburn and Stiles were his best friends. "I don't see why they should accuse me," said he. "It is said that I once tied the hands of Stiles together with a halter in my team, fastened him to the axle at the rear and run my horse for three miles. I think that no man could live to be dragged three miles. It stands to reason that no one could.

"Again they say that I had something to do with the death of my housekeeper. Why, I was confined in Concord state prison when her death was announced, which was in April, '95, I think, and my term expired in November. Besides, this woman never really was my housekeeper. I lived at home with my mother."

"Have you any counsel as yet, Mr. Nason?"

"No, sir, I have not. I am poor and can't afford it."

Nason will remain in the custody of Sheriff Collis until the time for his trial. Nason accuses Stiles of being a tool in the hands of Lang.

Gone to Bath, Me.

A number of prominent citizens from this city will attend the launching of Hon Frank Jones' new steam yacht at Bath today. The new boat is one of the finest of her size and class afloat, as no expense has been spared in her construction.

Among those from here who left on the 8:30 train to witness the launching were: His Honor Mayor Tilton, Ex-Mayor John J Laskey, Col R N Elwell, William K Hill and Alfred F Howard.

Bluebirds Coming Again

For several years bluebirds have been very scarce in New England, and especially in this region. Last year only a few of them were seen here. But this year they have suddenly appeared again in large numbers, full of their old-time mirth and sprightliness, and making the sky pale in comparison by the flashes of brilliant blue from their backs and heads.

ADDITIONAL ORDERS

Further Information Regarding the N H N G Camp in June

The following additional general orders have been issued pertaining to the N. H. N. G. camp at Concord in June:

I. Pursuant to general orders No. 5, dated adjutant-general's office, March 28, 1898, the First brigade, New Hampshire National Guard, will go into camp on the State camp ground, Concord, Monday, June 13, for five days, in service dress Forage caps will be taken to camp. Commanding officers will warn their commands as the law requires for the above duty.

II. The brigade quartermaster will arrange for the transportation of troops and baggage, and give seasonable notice to commanding officers, the time trains will leave the several stations for Concord.

III. Regimental quartermasters and all quartermaster sergeants will report for duty to the brigade quartermaster, Saturday morning, June 11, at 8 o'clock, at the camp ground.

IV. Commanding officers of artillery and cavalry will march their commands to camp

V. Regimental adjutants will furnish the assistant adjutant-general with consolidated morning reports at 12 o'clock m., Monday, June 13. Commanders of unattached companies will furnish the morning report of their command upon arriving in camp.

VI. Regimental surgeons will report to the medical director at brigade headquarters at 12 o'clock m., Monday, June 13.

VII The following changes and appointments on the staff and non-commissioned staff are announced.

Brigade quartermaster, Capt. Charles B. Bodwell, vice Gannon resigned.

Brigade hospital steward, Frank L Way, vice Snelling, promoted.

Post quartermaster sergeant, George E. Hill, vice Bodwell, promoted.

They will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

By command of Brigadier-General Lane.

Charles B. Bodwell, Captain and Brigade Quartermaster, A. A. A. G.

SECOND MEETING

Rockingham County Teachers' Association to Meet at Epping

The second meeting of the Rockingham County Teachers' Association will be held in Epping on Friday.

Following is the program to be carried out: Forenoon—10, opening exercises; business meeting; "The Psychology of the Inductive Method," John D Logan, Ph D, principal of Hampton academy; music; "Some Possibilities in Nature Study," Miss Margaret J Laughton, Haven school, Portsmouth Afternoon—2, "The Metric System and Specific Gravity," Robert Marshall Brown, A B, submaster Portsmouth high school; "Preparation for Work," Principal Frederick T. Farnsworth, Kingston seminary; general discussion of the subject will follow; music; "Reading in the Higher Grades," Principal George Willis Day, Newmarket high school.

Following are the officers of the association: President, John H Bartlett, Portsmouth; vice president, William S. Mason, Epping; secretary, Miss Annie L Morrison, Portsmouth; treasurer, Miss Maud L Jewell, Exeter; executive committee, John H Bartlett, (ex-officio); Principal Albion M Burnank, Exeter; Miss Mary A Lyons, Greenland; Miss Fannie L Gile, Candia, and Miss Annie Thompson, Newmarket.

PERIWINKLE BLUE

One of the Most Fashionable Colors at the Millinery Openings

A fine showing in hats and bonnets is being made this week by the millinery stores in town. Certainly the ladies of Portsmouth must be more than fastidious if they do not find at home pretty headgear which will suit both their tastes and pocketbooks. The styles displayed are very striking both in regard to shape and colors. The prevailing shape is the Shepherdess or the shortbacked sailor, both very heavily trimmed. The popular colors are burnt orange, periwinkle and turquoise blue, green and brown in all shades.

Straw braids, crinkled chiffon and a great variety of quills and wings, with ostrich tips and flowers in abundance will be used in making up hats and bonnets for the coming spring and summer.

Strange as it may seem, some of the prettiest flowers are blue, green and purple roses, shaded yellow violets, green pinks and poppies, black daisies, roses, violets and morning glories, and many other unique flowers.

It's the little colds that grow into big colds; the big colds that end in consumption and death. Watch the little colds Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

Awakened Pleasant Memories

The following letter was received by the HERALD this morning from a well known Portsmouth lady:

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Apr 7, 1891

EDITOR HERALD:—I send you with this a letter received from Mrs. Celia A. Cullis, a native (not so many years ago) of this city and now living in Waverly Mass. She is an invalid now and shut in from the occupations and pleasures of well people. And you will see if you read this extract from her letter how your lovely Souvenir HERALD has brightened some hours of her shadowed life. If you care to use her expressions of pleasure I am quite sure she would be willing you should do so.

Her friends in this city are very many and they would no doubt read with interest this from her pen.

P. S. I think I may give you leave to use her name, having consulted with her sister, Mrs. Lee M. Fisher in regard to it.

But do not use mine.

The HERALD arrived safely. I have been looking it over and over, and living over again many good times, for you know how the pictures of places and people long forgotten will awaken pleasant memories of long ago, and the ghosts of those days come trooping back.

Here was a dancing party, there a sleigh ride; here were school memories, there stirred patriotism and pride, until I am actually young again and feel that I am not buried entirely but am still a part of the world, and of that dear old Portsmouth of my girlhood.

The HERALD will make more than myss If live over pleasant days, for besides my mother and sister Annie, there is living near us Mrs. Chandler, the widow of a retired naval officer, who spent a part of her happy youth in that old town by the sea. I shall send the HERALD to her for she remembers a more ancient town than I can recall. She is eighty-three years old, or young I should say, and she remembers the Cutts and the Sherburnes, the Cowes and the Goodwins, and all the old families, gone, some of them, before I was born.

The HERALD descriptions, enhanced by the illustrations, have made a whole colony of us happy and young, and I send you our united thanks.

Portsmouth Bound Vessel Ashore

A dispatch from Philadelphia reads:

The big four-masted Bath schooner Sarah E. Palmer, Captain Whittier, bound from Portsmouth, N. H., for Norfolk, Va., in ballast, stranded one mile south of Watchapreague station, near Lewes, Del, Tuesday morning. H. R. Burton, the underwriters' agent at Lewes, has gone to the scene in the interest of the Boston underwriters having policies on the vessel. The Sarah E Palmer is four years old and is one of the fleet owned by N. T. Palmer of Bath. The valuation of the vessel is given as $40,000 and she is insured for nearly that amount. Last evening the vessel was lying in an easy position, and it is believed she can be gotten off.

River and Harbor

Tug Piscataqua cleared for Boston yesterday with the P. N. Co's. barges Newmarket and Berwick in tow.

Brooker Wilson and Willard came down river this morning and sailed for Boston.

Tug Gladiator, Kelley, arrived here yesterday from Philadelphia with barge Burnside, Brown, in tow. The barge has 1307 tons of coal for J. A. and A. W. Walker.

A number of residents in this city own stock in the big four masted schooner Palmer that went ashore at Watch-a-preague Inlet on Wednesday.

The tug Gladiator cleared for Newburyport this morning to take in tow a barge bound for Philadelphia.

Silk Hats in Style

Silk hats are coming into vogue this spring and this will be good news to the man to whom it is the most becoming piece of headgear. This will be the signal for trolling out the old time high hats that have been laid aside while the fashion has been out. I haven't seen the new styles but it is quite likely that some of the old timers will come pretty near to the new models in shape. This will be good news also to the men who make this kind of a hat and have been "living on the interest" for a year waiting for their occupation to come back. There's no denying the fact that a silk hat is the finishing touch to the well dressed man.

Rite of Confirmation

Right Rev. Bishop Niles of Concord paid a visit to this city last evening and administered confirmation to a class of eleven, four males and seven females. He delivered a short address to the candidates.

FEAST OF THE PASSOVER

The Greatest of All Celebrations Instituted By Moses

At sunset last evening began the feast of the Passover, first and greatest of the three annual feasts instituted by Moses among the Hebrew people. With the orthodox Hebrew the feast will be continued for eight days, but with the reformed Hebrew, a later day set, the feast lasts but seven days.

It is incumbent on every follower of the creed of Abraham, Jacob and Isaac to make a journey to the house of the Lord once a day during the celebration of the feast

In former years it has been observed with little pomp and splendor, but this year preparations have been made to surpass all celebrations of previous years, for all the Hebrew people are hoping before long that they will be able to return to the land that was at one time the home of their fathers.

Throughout eight days the feast is continued and all faithful Hebrews are obliged to abstain from work on several days during the feast. The father is obliged to instruct his children in the faith and on the last two days the feast is taken up with all possible fervor and carried on as it was at the beginning.

Every year the feast occurs on the 14th day after Nisan, or 14 days after the first full moon in the spring. April is the first month in the Hebrew year and the first day is reckoned from the time of the first full moon after the vernal equinox.

After the sun has set on the eighth day the Hebrew people are once more free to go about their work.

"Pa" Gets Fussy

The old saying that men are only boys grown tall, is very well illustrated nowadays by the interest which the papas are taking in bicycling. It is not an uncommon sight to see the middle-aged or older man in the bicycle shop anxiously inquiring if the wheel he ordered yesterday is on the way and when it may be expected. Papa frets and fumes at any delay, and there is always plenty of delay at this time of the year. He invents excuses which he presents to the dealer as to why he should happen to be in such a hurry, never for a moment realizing that the dealer is onto him. A well known dealer, who carries the "hottest line of wheels that ever came over the 'pike'" said yesterday that the men were more trouble than the boys. The lad is told that the wheel will be here say in a week from a certain day and he shows up to get it with the probability that the wheel is there. Papa appears each day of the intervening seven to see if it had not come or to say that he meant to have ordered a green or a yellow frame or a higher gear, or different tires from those specified in the order, or something else He will delay the receipt of his wheel by telegraphing, "Make order 1764 B maroon finish," or something else which is a change, and worries at the passage of each day when the weather is fair enough for bicycling.

MERCHANTS TO GIVE TRADING STAMPS.

The undersigned have signed an agreement to give their customers trading stamps for one year:

C. FRED DUNCAN, boots, shoes and slippers.

W. D. GRACE, G. E. PHILBRICK druggists.

L. E. STAPLES, dry and fancy goods.

PORTSMOUTH FURNITURE COMPANY.

W. E. PAUL, stoves, ranges and kitchen furnishings.

E. P. LAWRENCE, tailoring.

ARMSTRONG, photographer.

MRS. B. F. LOMBARD, millinery.

G. F. WALLIS, baker.

W. A. A. CULLEN, W. H. SMITH, J. H. YOUNG, CHICAGO MEAT Co., groceries and provisions.

J. ED. PICKERING, steam laundry.

A Narrow Escape

Edward Furbish, foreman of Walkers' coal pockets at the north end, had a very narrow escape from death yesterday afternoon while attending to his duties. He was in the hold of the schooner J. Holmes Birdsall, directing the coal heavers at work there, when the heavy bucket came down striking him a glancing blow on the side of the head. Had he been a little further out the bucket would no doubt have crushed his skull, as it weighs nearly a ton. He was lucky enough to escape with only a slight scalp wound.

Notice

Painting, papering and whitewashing done with neatness and dispatch and on reasonable terms. First class work or no pay. Order slate, 15 Fleet street and 1 Walden street. Please give me a call.

C. W. ANDREWS.

The Easter Bonnet

The subject that is now uppermost in the minds of even the most advanced of womankind is not that of equal rights or suffrage, but that of millinery! What shall my Easter bonnet be, is a question of far more absorbing interest that even duplicate whist or the daintiest morceaux of club twaddle, and many a fair penitent expiates her sins and mortifies her flesh by tramping from shop to shop hunting just the desirable style of head gear that will suit both her face and her purse! There are myriads of styles to choose from. Look in at any of the millinery windows along Congress street. There is the hat with the waving plumes and stately aigrette; there is the saucy nose hat, literally banked with excellent imitations of the flowers that bloom in the spring; there is the jaunty crush turban covered with sequins and spangles; there is the dashing toreador hat, with its defiant looking crown, and last, but not least, there is that perennial favorite, the short-back sailor, and its second cousin, the untrimmed sailor hat, which is part and parcel of the fin de siecle summer girl.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

Woman shed tears about three times to every once they cry.

Marriage is like all other troubles—the more you get of it the less you want.

A man can always tell when a girl wants him to think she is glancing timidly at him.

A woman-hater is a man whom the girl who calls him so has heard say he didn't like her.

A girl has always made up her mind beforehand what she would say to each particular man if he should kiss her.

After a man has smoked for three or four years he always feels guilty when he refers to his love for tobacco before his wife.—New York Press.

Have your carpets cleaned by C. L. Simpson's steam process.

Pure Blood

Every thought, word and action takes vitality from the blood; every nerve, muscle, bone, organ and tissue depends on the blood for its quality and condition.

Spring Medicine

Therefore pure blood is absolutely necessary to right living and healthy bodies. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great blood purifier and the best Spring Medicine. Therefore it is the great cure for scrofula, salt rheum, humors, sores, rheumatism, catarrh, etc.; the great nervine, strength builder, appetizer, stomach tonic and regulator.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is sold by all druggists. $1, six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Get Hood's and only Hood's.

Hood's Pills taken after dinner aid digestion.

CITY OF ROCHESTER

Office of City Marshal.

ROCHESTER, N. H., March 4th, 1898

C. A Herbert, Manager,

Granite Pile Cure Co., Concord, N. H

Dear Sir:—I have been a great sufferer from Piles for over 30 years, and a constant sufferer, never having only temporary relief. The pain has been very severe, and at times, using me up entirely. I have had the Protuding Piles, have tried every remedy and cure I ever heard of, have consulted doctors, all with the same effect, and I still had them with me, had practically given up of ever getting any relief until I read one of your little books. I wrote to you immediately, as I knew you very well. I commenced to use your cure as directed, and I felt the relief at once, and have continued to improve, and now, after using one cure and most another, I am well along to the completion of a permanent cure, am not troubled with protruding at all, and all inflamation has entirely gone. Your cure is perfect, so neat in application, and, so sure in curing, that it is a pleasure to use it. I am very thankful that I used it. I hope this testimonial will induce some sufferers to try this cure; It will surely cure.

Yours with hear felt thanks,

O. B WARREN,
City Marshal.

C. F. Hussey.

OPTICIAN AND REFRACTIONIST

1 Congress St., Portsmouth.

EXAMINATION FREE

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

BAKING NEW YORK.

Service of Song

The service of song presented at the Salvation Army hall last evening was attended by a good-sized and appreciative audience. The service, which was entitled "Christ's Crown," was read by Mrs. Ensign Dybing, interspersed throughout by solos and choruses. Since Ensign and Mrs. Dybing took charge of the corps a few weeks since, they have thoroughly renovated the hall and painted the walls so that now anyone wishing to spend an evening pleasantly and profitably can do so

C. F. DUNCAN,

Boots & Shoes

SPRING GOODS.

No. 5 Market St.

Publisher of Sea Side, City and Mountain Souvenirs.

Maker of Large Colored Photo Gravos.

Send for Estimates,

C. S. GURNEY, Artist.

Portsmouth, N. H.

J. HOWARD GROVER,

The West End Painter,

Keeps a stock of the latest designs in

Wall Paper.

Paper Hanging a Specialty.

19 Austin Street.

PORTSMOUTH KISSES

Are the Best.

-- They are Delicious --

MOLASSES, WALNUT AND CHOCOLATE.

— Manufactured by —

RALPH GREEN.

Accident and Life Insurance.

Wm. H. PALMER,

38 Market Street

Representing the Massachusetts Mutual Accident Association and the Phenix Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford Conn.

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FOR PORTSMOUTH

AND

PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS.

You want local news! Read the Herald. More local news than all other local dailies combined. Try it

THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1898

Maybe it will be blue Monday for Spain.

The world is awaiting that message, Mr. McKinley.

There are 362,000 rifles in the national arsenals just enough to arm the "original war men."

It is rather significant that all the summer hotels that are burning up just now are located at the sea shore.

If this uncertainty continues up to the time of the opening of the baseball season, what will be the condition of the yellow journals?

Talk of the irony of fate! The Spaniards call Fitzhugh Lee a Yankee, and the erstwhile Confederate cavalry leader rather enjoys the name.

An electrician, while experimenting in Brooklyn, swallowed some poison and died. This sort of experiment with poison usually results that way.

New York and Ohio have each voted $1,000,000 for national honor and defense, and Iowa has voted $500,000 for the same patriotic purpose. Which will be the next state to come forward?

When you read Spanish dispatches talking so glibly of the millions of pesetas donated for war purposes by wealthy Spaniards, it is well to remember that a Spanish peseta is worth exactly 20 cents in American money.

What Madrid journals do not know about American conditions and public sentiment would fill a library. One of them printed yesterday the astounding information that there was grave apprehension in Washington as to the position of the Southern states in the event of war with Spain!

Those sapient critics of the administration who nearly expired from fear of the consequences over the rumor that the Spanish *torpedo flotilla* had reached Porto Rico, now that it is ascertained that the fleet is still 2,000 miles from this side of the Atlantic, will perhaps have the grace to await the result of the first sea skirmish before charging the loss of the American navy to the administration's dereliction.

BUILD ON YOUR OWN LAND.

A Man Who Lost a House on His Neighbor's Ground.

This appears to be the moral of the decision of the supreme court of Minnesota in the interesting case of Coleman Bridgemann, who was unfortunate (or negligent) enough to erect a house on what he thought was his own land, but which turned out to belong to a neighbor. The lower courts having held that he had absolutely no right or title to the house, he appealed to the final tribunal, but the legal principle applicable to the case is too plain and too well established to permit any deviation from it. The supreme court agrees with the lower courts in denying his claim either to the house or to lien against the lot on which it stands for its value. Even the removal of the structure without injury to the land would not be permitted by the law.

There is nothing novel in the ruling, but it shows that the law will make no distinction between the case of one who knows he builds on the land of another and one who honestly but erroneously claims title to another's land. The structure becomes part of the land when erected or while being erected, and the owner of the land gets the house. In some cases this fundamental doctrine of the law of real property doubtless involves some hardship, but the equitable principles concerning accident and mistake cannot be invoked to afford relief or redress. Departure from the law would perhaps entail more injustice than rigid enforcement thereof.

Let the man who intends building a house make sure he has valid and unchallengeable title to the lot which is to support it. When in doubt, defer building until the question of title has been thoroughly settled. Surely this is not too much to ask of men intelligent enough to have acquired property. Still, a high moral standard would compel a man deriving a substantial benefit from another's mistake to offer him of his own accord some compensation. The law will let him alone, but his conscience may not.—Chicago Times-Herald.

TO OPEN MILL GATES.

Treasurers of New Bedford Cloth Factories So Decide.

URGED TO DO SO BY TWO PRIESTS.

Employers Represented as Not Anxious to Resume.

New Bedford, Mass., April 7.—Despite the action of the union of weavers in declaring for a continuance of the strike, the treasurers of the nine cloth mills now on strike, at a meeting last night, unanimously agreed to open the gates Monday morning to such operatives as care to return to work. It is generally believed that a majority of the strikers will go in.

Several days ago two French-Canadian priests waited on the mill men and represented that the suffering among the strikers was pitiable, and that the strikers were not as enthusiastic as they appeared. They were certain that if an opportunity were given, many would seize the chance to go back. These priests urged the manufacturers to make the attempt, and promised to do all they could to persuade the help to bring an end to the suffering.

William W. Crapo, president of the Wamsutta mills, said: "If the help do not care to return to work, or if they make any marked opposition to the return by their brethren, we will again close the gates. We are not anxious ourselves to resume work, but feel that the popular opinion is against a further continuance of the disastrous idleness."

MILL MEN MEMORIALIZE.

Boston, April 7.—A memorial of T. F. Coolidge and others relative to the condition and prospects of the cotton manufacturing industry in Massachusetts was presented in the house yesterday. The memorial is signed by Mr. Coolidge, A. G. Pierce, Charles L. Lovering, Eliot C. Clarke, C. A. Coleman, Eben S. Draper, Harcourt Amory, Thomas E. Brayton, Howard Stockton, Augustus Lowell, George F. Fabyan, A. S. Covel, A. N. Goodale and H. N. Slater, who say that the present conditions and prospects in the cotton industry in this state are sufficiently grave to call for an exhaustive study of the subject. After a review of the situation the memorial concludes:

"If cotton manufacturing in the state becomes unprofitable, one of two things must happen—wages will be reduced, or the business will be abandoned, as has been the case in the iron and glass industries. Either of these consequences would be a great misfortune, which the legislature should, if possible, prevent in the *only way in its power*: First, by raising the hours of labor at least to the point where they are in every other New England state, and, secondly, by reducing the taxation on manufacturing plants, which is now much in excess of that in high taxed England and in the southern states. The effective way, in our judgment, would be to take off all taxes on machinery, without increasing those on the real estate used for manufacturing purposes.

"The present situation may present itself to some persons as having no deeper significance than a contest between capital and labor, the outcome of which is to be a triumph of one over the other. If this were the truth, there would be no occasion for this communication, and the legislature would have no call to intervene. It is because the difficulty is fundamental and limited to no class of industries in the state that the responsibility in the premises rests upon the representatives of all the people."

TWO-THIRDS ARE READY.

Saco, Me., April 7.—The indications point to a speedy settlement of the three months' strike in the York mill. The backbone of the strike seems to be broken and it is believed by the business men and the majority of the strikers that if Agent Page consents to open the gates next Monday the mill can be started in every department. Mr Page is expected home the last of the week, and a committee will then wait upon him and show him a list of names of operatives who have pledged themselves to return under the cut-down. Up to this morning about 1000 out of 1500 had signed the petition, and the leaders of the movement believe that the managers will agree to make another attempt to start the factory when they learn that such a large number are in favor of returning.

Chairman Larabee, who has taken a prominent part in the strike since its inauguration, is opposed to returning under a cut-down. He predicts that the attempt to end the strike will result in a failure and that not as many will go in as on a week ago Monday. He charges the merchants with having done more to encourage the labor war than any one else, and declares that after making great promises of support they had, after a few weeks, gone back on the textile workers, now doing everything in their power to effect a settlement, and charging himself and a few others with having incited the strike.

BOSTON NEWS GROUPED.

Man Wanted for Murder Called at a House in East Weymouth,

Boston, April 7.—Captain Wyman of division 4 has learned that a suspiciously acting man who closely corresponded with the description of the murderer of *Clerk Russell* was seen at East Weymouth. A man called at a house there on the morning after the crime and asked for something to eat. That evening, while reading the story of the crime in a Boston paper, the members of the household who saw the young man of the morning instantly recognized in him the exact counterpart of the fellow described as the murderer of Clerk Russell. The clew will be followed closely.

The annual returns of corporations as reported by the secretary of the state to the legislature show the aggregate amount of capital invested in new corporations in 1897 as $70,894,250 and by increase of capital $5,427,500 additional. The whole number of certificates of incorporation is 508. The number of annual certificates of condition filed is 2141, of which 47 are duplicates or omissions of a previous year. Twenty-one corporations have reduced their capital $2,034,800 and 36 corporations have been dissolved by the supreme judicial court.

At an auction sale of mill stocks some fluctuations were evident as follows: Boott, off 7 1-2, at 842 1-2; Massachusetts, off 1 1-4, at 78 3-4; Lyman, off 4, at 59 3-4, and Tremont and Suffolk, off 4 3-4, at 125 1-4.

When the executive council met yesterday Governor Wolcott announced the appointment of Judge Edmund Eldridge of Cottage City as justice of the Dukes county district court, which has just been made a district court. The governor also nominated Judge George W. Cate of Amesbury and Frank W. Hodgdon of Arlington members of the commission on the boundary line between Massachusetts and New Hampshire. They succeed to the vacancies caused by the death of Henry Carter and George Whitney.

In the municipal court yesterday, Isaac C. Harvey, charged with having in his possession 156 lobsters each of which was shorter than the length required by law, which is 10½ inches, was fined $5 for each lobster, aggregating $780.

WHAT BOSTON EDITORS SAY.

Business of This Country to Promote Human Freedom.

Boston, April 7.—The Boston Post holds: "For the United States to take any step whatever to deprive the Cuban revolutionists of the fruits of their long and persistent struggles for liberty, for which so much Cuban blood has been shed and so many thousand Cuban lives sacrificed, would be a *proceeding* disgraceful beyond all conception. We do not believe it would be tolerated by the American people. For our part, we think it is the business of this country to promote the cause of human freedom; but to place any impediment in its way would be to be false to all our traditions. To intimate that President McKinley has any such idea is a gratuitous insult to him."

"Intervention, active, emphatic," The Journal insists, "is the policy to which the president's mind is made up. If Spain yields, it must be between today and Monday, for to all intents and purposes President McKinley has already delivered his ultimatum."

The Advertiser treats of Spain's case as argued by the minister in Washington as follows: "The American people agree with the Spanish minister that to appeal to war unnecessarily 'would be too wanton, too criminal, too offensive to all the dictates of civilization and christianity;' but if war comes it will only be because Spain shall have ignored 'all the dictates of civilization and christianity.' Not one step has the United States taken that has not been made absolutely necessary by the brutal indifference of the Spanish government in Cuba to all the appeals of civilization and christianity."

The Globe says: "'Stand by the president' may be good advice, but some people are having hard work to find out just where the president stands, preparatory to taking up their position by him."

BAY STATE LEGISLATORS.

Boston, April 7.—The act relating to fraternal beneficiary associations provoked a good deal of discussion in the house yesterday, but was finally passed with but minor amendments, while the adverse report on the petition to compel fire insurance companies to pay full damage if covered by the policy, remains as unfinished business for today.

The committee on roads and bridges has reported an appropriation of $600,000 for state highways, $400,000 to be spent in 1898; but the whole amount may be contracted for.

A bill was reported by the labor committee to prohibit deductions in the wages of women and minors who are paid by the day or hour, employed in manufacturing or mechanical establishments, for time during which machinery stopped, provided that the women and minors are confined in the establishments. The penalty is from $20 to $50.

PILGRIM FATHERS.

Boston, April 7.—All the supreme officers attended the annual session yesterday of the United Order of Pilgrim Fathers. The supreme governor reported 18 new colonies organized in the year and 2550 members initiated. The running expenses of the order have been 77 cents per member, against 88 cents last year.

The secretary's report gave the total membership Dec. 31 as 23,039. The treasurer reported that he had received for the benefit fund $359,197.81 and paid out during 1897 $352,000. There is a balance of over $200,000 in the general fund. The following officers were elected: Governor, J. S. Taft, Keene, N. H.; lieutenant governor, H. S. Treadwell, South Boston; secretary, J. E. Shepard, Lawrence; treasurer, A. V. Bugbee, Lawrence; trustees, John L. Bates and Edward Lincoln of Boston; Frank E. Sleeper of Sebattus, Me.; William I. Thompson of Lawrence, and Jesse H. Harriman of Haverhill.

WALKED ONCE TOO OFTEN.

Taunton, Mass., April 7.—James Pinkham, 70 years old, who, for nearly 50 years, had walked on the railroad track to and from his work with the Mason Machine company, was struck by a train last night and instantly killed. He was recently married, and also leaves three children by his first wife.

NIGHT MEMORANDUM LAMP.

One of the Varied Uses of the Incandescent Electric Light.

"Many of my best and most valuable and most merchantable thoughts," said a man who writes things for a living, "come to me after I have gone to bed at night. It is true that cares oppress me sometimes then and keep me awake, but not often That is usually my time for building castles in the air and for having people leave me fortunes and for conjuring up all manner of good luck, and in this joyous mental atmosphere I often have happy ideas that can be worked up and turned to account.

"Formerly before I went to bed I used to put my idea pad, with a pencil by it, on a shelf in the adjoining room near a gas jet, left burning low, as I didn't want a light in my sleeping room. When an idea struck me, I would get out of bed, go into the next room, turn up the light, make a note of it and go back to bed. But I didn't always do this. I wasn't what you would call lazy, but if it was a very cold night or I was very tired I would say to myself that I thought I could remember that, and so I would take the chances, and then every time I would forget it. I don't know how much money I lost in this way, but a good deal.

"But now! I have a little table at the head of the bed with the pad and pencil on that, and hanging down over it an incandescent electric light. I don't have to get out of bed at all. I have only to turn the key of the shaded light, pick up the pad and jot down the idea. Then I put the pad down on the table again and turn off the light.

"Now I lose nothing. I suppose I must have saved enough the first week to pay for putting in the light, and everything that I save in this way is just so much clear profit."—New York Sun.

SAVED

From sickness. The experience of a minister. Rev. R. A. Rich, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, at Buckfield, Maine, admits that he had a narrow escape.

He was threatened with nervous prostration, but managed to check this insiduous disease in time by taking DR. CLARKE'S RED-IRON-PILLS.

We quote the following from a letter written by him to the proprietors of this remedy:

"I know it is a serious thing for a minister of the gospel to give a testimonial unless he knows fully of what he speaks; but this is a case that I feel it my duty to make known my experience. A friend of mine sent me a box of your famous pills, telling me he thought they would be helpful to me and would enable me to regain my appetite and would act as a tonic. I followed instructions and I find myself in every way greatly improved. I have taken no other medicine at all, so that RED-IRON-PILLS should have full credit for this happy result."

Mr. Rich before taking these pills was actually on the verge of a nervous collapse, due to the tax that naturally attends the labors of a minister. In his case, as in hundreds of others, RED-IRON-PILLS accomplished a wonderful result, by purifying and enriching the blood and by strengthening and toning up the nervous system.

RED-IRON-PILLS come in a form that make them desirable in every way. They are easy to take, can be carried in the pocket and while the dose is small, the result is positive and quickly recognized.

Any druggist will furnish sufferers from a disordered condition of the nerves or impure blood, as well as the hundreds of ills that attend such a condition, with these pills. 50 c. a box, 6 boxes for $2.50. THE RED-IRON-PILL CO., Portland, Maine.

RED-IRON-PILLS MAKE RED CHEEKS

THE MEANEST MAN.

Why His Bantam Easily Whipped a Great, Big Rooster.

"The meanest man I ever knowed," said a sport yesterday, "was a chicken fighter. Now, I ain't saying nothing against chicken fighting, for I think it is all right, but I mean to say that this man wasn't a straight chicken fighter. Anything went with him. All he wanted to do was to win. I have knowed him to have a rooster that he couldn't get no fight with, because the rooster would whip anything, and I have knowed him to paint that rooster blue so as to get up a scrap. Well, the worst thing he ever did I shall remember to my dying day.

"Bill, that was his name, was with a lot of us fellows one day when we were talking about a heavyweight gamecock that had been beating everything in the pit. 'Oh, that rooster ain't so warm!' said Bill in a careless fashion. 'I've got a little game bantam that will kill him in the first round.' This *made the sport who owned* the chicken mad. He and Bill got to gassing and passing gags until they made up a fight. The sport he said he would bet $500, but Bill he said that $500 was too small and that he wouldn't go in for nothing less than $1,000.

"They fixed up the scrap, and one Sunday a lot of us sports met behind an old stable. Well, sir, you oughter have heard them fellows laugh when they seed Bill's rooster. He was a stumpy little bantam, hardly high enough to touch the other rooster's chin comb unless he jumped. We laughed and laughed and guyed Bill, but Bill he didn't say nothing. He was just holding his little bantam under the stomach and rubbing him on the head. 'Who's holding the money?' was all that Bill said.

"Well, sir, I wasn't a member of the society that tries to stop roosters from being killed, but I did think it a shame to let that little rooster go up against the big fellow. Bill and the rich sport first held the chickens together to let them peck at each other and get their spunk up, and then they put them on the ground. The big rooster looked at the bantam a minute as if he would fall on him and crush him to death. Both of the birds wore those long gaffs like needles. Well, sir, the big rooster made a pass and missed, and then suddenly we seed bantam dig a left hander in the big bird's wing. Nobody thought nothing of that, but when time was called, the big rooster put his head down and just keeled over. Bantam stood upon his body and crowed.

"Well, Bill took the money, but we got to thinking that it was mighty funny that a rooster could be killed so easy, so we looked at him, picked off his feathers and found he was turning black. Bill had put a strong poison on the bantam's gaffs, so that the least swipe would mean a goodby. We tried to find Bill, but he had taken a trip for his health."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Not a Society Man.

He was a very clever man, but he did not shine in general society. She was a clever hostess, and she believed that her guests who would not shine must be made to shine, and she knew the man very well. He had come in answer to her invitation under protest, but one must be agreeable to one's wife and oblige a friend occasionally. But it was not as bad as he had thought it would be. He found a congenial spirit almost immediately and settled down for a good talk. The congenial spirit was another bright man. The hostess saw the two together and was shocked. She flew to them. "The idea," she said, "of you two men wasting yourselves on each other!" And she took them to opposite corners of the room, where they would be more useful to the company at large. But there was a force of gravitation which gradually drew them together again, and they were soon lost to everything around them. But again the hostess discovered them, and again they were separated. Then the man went to his wife.

"I am not going to stay any longer," he said. If he had been a boy, he would have said, "I'm mad, and I'm going home." And he would not have been treated with more consideration if he had been a small boy. His wife was a woman of tact. "Very well," she said, "I am not ready to go yet, but you go and don't say anything about it and no one will know it." And he did go, and no one did know it, and the hostess does not know even now that if she had not been such a good hostess one of her guests might have enjoyed himself more thoroughly. — New York Times.

More than 10,000 persons are employed in England in the manufacture of explosives. The death list from accidents last year was 40, and 167 were injured.

PROPER VENTILATION

VARIOUS MEANS OF SECURING IT IN THE AVERAGE HOUSE.

Importance of Little Things In Building a Dwelling—Arrangement of the Doors and Windows—Disinfectant Qualities of Pure Air and the Sun.

The site of your new home selected and the plumbing decided upon in its general characteristics, the attention should next be turned to the subject of ventilation. Great care has already been exercised in order to have the air in the house pure, but still further consideration of detail is necessary.

The amount of air required for an adult so that the atmosphere may be free from any odor is not less than 3,000 cubic feet per hour, and this fact alone shows that in crowded localities or even in good sized but ill constructed rooms the problem of proper and effectual ventilation is one not readily solved. The forces which act are, first, diffusion; second, the wind and, third, the difference in weight between masses of air of unequal temperature. Artificial ventilation is effected in two ways—first, extraction, when the air is extracted from the room or building by means of heat, steam jets, pumps, fans, etc., and, second, by propulsion, when air is driven in to expel the air already in the room and is generally carried in by means of a fan inclosed in a box which can be worked by hand, horse, water or steam power. In the absence of all mechanical appliances the air of the room is changed by means of windows, the chimney and any chinks created by imperfectly fitted doors and sashes. These imperfections afford poor persons better ventilation even in winter than they are otherwise likely to enjoy.

With the outside air pure it is an easy matter to keep that of the house in a like condition during the summer months, for doors and windows are all left open, but in cold weather the problem of fresh, pure air in all the rooms of the house all the time without too great an exposure to cold is one that requires thought and may demand a sacrifice on the altar of artistic effect. In the first place the windows and doors should be so arranged as to permit of a thorough change of air in a few minutes. This may seem a small matter, but in the winter it is not desirable to have the house chilled and made uncomfortable for the inhabitants for any length of time. It impedes the work or pleasure of the day and is liable to result in colds if nothing more serious, and a room not well aired is quite as serious in its results as a cold one, though they are not so easily traceable to their causes, nor are they as immediate in their effects. All bedrooms and bathrooms should have direct communication with the outer air. A tiny court, the *air of which must do duty in at least half* a dozen similar rooms, does not contain enough pure air to cleanse a room as it should be cleansed. In the first place there is not sufficient circulation to remove the poisoned air and replace it by that that is purified to supply the rooms as quickly and abundantly as they should be supplied.

Bedrooms, bathrooms and sitting rooms should have plenty of air and sunlight, and, except in very warm weather, no effort should be made to shade them from the sun's rays. This may fade the carpets and draperies, but it will put color into the cheeks of the household's members, a ring in their voices and a gladness and sparkle into their eyes that are worth far more than the most priceless upholstery that ever was made. It is well to remark here that in buying the furnishings for the house it is wise to select them with a view to the effects of the sun on them as well as contact with water or hard usage.

Again, the ceilings should not be so high that the windows would look ungainly if the two should meet, and the windows should be so designed that they reach to within a few inches of the ceiling. The height of the rooms should not be less than nine feet and should rarely exceed 12, this to make them accessible to the housemaid for frequent cleaning, for facilities for cleaning should be ever in the mind of both builder and furnisher. The windows should go to within a few inches of the *ceiling*, and the sashes should not be too weighty to be moved with ease. This height of the windows is necessary to prevent the accumulation of stale air at the top of the room. When the walls extend far above the window tops, it is a difficult matter to change the air there, and it is there that the vitiated air accumulates, for it is usually warmer than the outside air and has therefore a tendency to rise. If it can escape, its place will be taken by the pure air which when the doors and windows are closed gets into the room through the chinks around them. An open chimney, even without a fire, is a good thing to have in the common sitting room, and one bedroom at least should be provided with one to be used in case of illness, for it is a most effectual means of ventilation when a constant change of air is needed.

The rooms of a house should be thoroughly aired at least once a day. As many doors and windows as possible should be thrown widely open for about an hour each morning, and rooms that are much occupied during the day should be aired at frequent intervals for a few minutes at a time. This can be done when the family is at meals or engaged in some other part of the house. A second and more quiet method is to admit fresh air constantly by keeping the windows always open at the top. It is wise to air the sleeping rooms before retiring at night, and they should be kept open a little all night long, the amount of fresh air admitted depending upon the outside temperature.

A piece of cotton cloth hung over the opening, a board inserted or, better still, a screen should be used to protect the occupant of the room from drafts. Upon *leaving the rooms in the morning the bed*ding should be thrown over a chair, the windows opened wide, and the closet door also should be opened that the disinfectant action of the air may perform its work in all places.

In summer the bathroom window should be kept open from the top and bottom during every hour of the 24, and in winter it should be opened often.—Buffalo Express.

A Household Necessity.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, acts gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists

A lazy liver makes a lazy man. Burdock's Blood Bitters is the natural, never failing remedy for a lazy liver.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

The greater includes the less. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures scrofula and maybe depended upon to cure boils and pimples

When bilious or costive, eat a CASCARETS Candy cathartic, cure, guaranteed, 10 25

A RACE TO CHINA.

New York, April 7.—A deal was made a few days ago at this port by the captains of two sailing vessels as to which would reach Shanghai, China, first, the stake being $500. The British ship, Atlanta, cleared the bar at 12 o'clock noon yesterday and the other, the British bark, Beeswing, cleared 10 minutes later. The voyage under ordinary circumstances takes about three months.

Substitution
the fraud of the day.
See you get Carter's,
Ask for Carter's,
Insist and demand
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Professional Cards.

W. O. JUNKINS, M. D.,

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OFFICE HOURS: } 1 A. M., 3 P. M. 7:30 to 10 Evenings

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78 State Street, Portsmouth, N. H.

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Until 9 A. M. 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 P. M.

An . . . Introduction.

The readers of this paper need no introduction to the Frank Jones Brewing Co., or its products; when the statement is made by this reliable house that their new

Victor Bottled Ale

is second to none in existence and they are ready to stand behind the assertion, further proof of quality is not necessary.

Are you satisfied that 40 years of successful business means anything? If so send your next order to

Frank Jones Brewing Co.
Portsmouth, N. H.,

or Newfields Bottling Co.,
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and make assurance doubly sure. A word to the wise is sufficient.

Put up in 1-2 pints, pints and quarts.

P. S.—Remember the brand "VICTOR"

GO TO FLORIDA

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BY RAIL Quickest time and finest train service. Including Tampa Bay Limited and Florida Special. Solid Trains from New York. Direct connection from Boston and New England Points

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Rooms 8 and 9 Franklin Block!

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J. S. HUBLEY & Co,

Manufacturer of the

HAND CLEANING JELLY PASTE.

Strictly free from potash, makes hands smooth and silky.

Will be found most invaluable for Stains, Grease Spots or other impurities from woolens, cotton goods, linens or fine laces. Will also be found indispensable for the laundry. Soda, ammonia, or other appliances can not be compared with the HAND CLEANING JELLY PASTE especially as regards economy and practical results. Price ten cents

For sale at 25 Gates Street.

M. L. Schwarz,

Electrical Contractor.

SUPPLIES

ELECTRIC LIGHT WIRING

15 Daniel St, Portsmouth

PIANOS

— AND —

ORGANS.

Buy Them of the

THE OLIVER DITSON CO.,

Represented in Portsmouth by

B. S. ROBERTS

— AT —

HOYT & DOW'S,

1 Congress Block.

For a Stylish Hitchout

Go to

C. E. Dempsey's Stable

Deer Street,

Or call him by telephone 18-3 and he will send any team you want to your door.

Choice Horses,

Well Equipped Carriages

STANDARD BRAND.

Newark cement.

1400 Barrels of the above Cement Just Landed.

THIS COMPANY'S CEMENT

Has been on the market for the past fifty years. It has been used on the

Principal Government and Other Public Works,

And has received the commendation of Engineers, Architects and Consumers generally.

Persons wanting cement should not be deceived. Obtain the best.

FOR SALE BY

JOHN H. BROUGHTON.

H. W. Nickerson,

Embalmer and Funeral Director,

5 Daniel St., Portsmouth, N. H

Calls by night at residence, 6 Court street, or at J. A. Snow's, 16 Gates street, will receive prompt attention.

Telephone at Office and Residence.

Office Open From 7 a. m. to 9 p. m.

COAL AND WOOD.

C. E. WALKER & CO.,

Commission Merchant

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Coal and Wood

Office cor. State and Water Sts.,

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Sanitary Notice

MR. AUGUST HETT announces that they are prepared to promptly attend to all orders for the removal of night soil cleaning out of cesspools drains, etc

The New Odorless Excavator

Will be used in all cases, guaranteeing safety from foul airs and perfect cleanliness in all ways. The Excavator can be used anywhere and with perfect success. For cleaning out stopped drains, &c., it is especially valuable.

Terms very reasonable.

All orders should be addressed

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J. A. & A. W. WALKER.

COAL.

Only Stock of LEHIGH in the city,

137 Market Street.

CEMETERY LOTS CARED FOR AND TURFING DONE.

WITH increased facilities the subscriber is again prepared to take charge of and keep in order such lots in any of the cemeteries of the city as may be intrusted to his care. He will also give careful attention to the turfing and grading of them, also to the cleaning of monuments and headstones, and the removal of bodies. In addition to work at the cemeteries he will, this season, do turfing and gardening in the city at short notice.

Cemetery lots for sale, also Loam and Turf.

Orders left at his residence, No. 12 Bow street or sent by mail, or left with Oliver W. Ham, successor to S. S. Fletcher, 60 Market street, will receive prompt attention.

M. J. GRIFFIN.

TRANSPORTATION.

BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Eastern Division.

Winter Arrangement.

October 4, 1897.

Trains Leave Portsmouth for

BOSTON, 3 50, 7 20, 8 15, 11 00 a. m., 2 38, 5 ... 7 47 p. m. Returning, 7 30, 9 00, 10 10, a. m. Sundays, 3 30, 8 10 a. m., 2 38, 5 00 p. m.

PORTLAND, 10 00, 10 50, a. m., 2 48, 8 55, p. m. Sundays, 10 50, a. m. 8 55 p. m. Returning, 2 00, 9 00 a. m., 1 00 6 10 p. m. Sundays a. m, 1 00 p. m.

SOMERSWORTH AND ROCHESTER, 10 00 a. m. 2 48, 5 30 p. m. Returning, 6 35, 9 52 a. m., 3 ... 10 p. m.

NORTH CONWAY, 10 00, a. m., 2 48 p. m. Returning, 7 30, 10 35 a. m., 4 20 p. m,

DOVER, 4 50, 9 45 a. m., 12 25, 2 43, 5 23, 7 47 p. m. Sundays 8 00, 10 53 a. m. 8 57 p. m. Returning 6 50, 10 20 a. m, 1 52, 4 30, 6 40 9 32 p. m. Sundays, 7 35 a. m., 9 33 p. m.

Southern Division.

PORTSMOUTH BRANCH.

Leave Portsmouth

For Manchester and Concord and intermediate stations, 8 30 a. m., 12 45, 5 25 p. m.

Leave No. Greenland, 8 39, a. m., 12 54, 5 3 p. m.

" Raymond, 9 32 a. m, 1 52, 6 30 p. m.

Returning leave

Concord 7 40, 10 15 a. m, 3 30 p. m.
Manchester, 8 30, 11 10 a. m, 4 20, p. m.
Raymond, 9 10, 11 48a m, 5 02 p. m.
Epping, 9 22 a. m, 12 00, 5 15 p. m.
Rockingham Junction, 9 47 a. m, 12 17, 5 53 p. m.
No. Greenland, 10 01 a. m, 12 29, 6 06 p. m.

Trains connect at Rockingham Junction with trains for Exeter, Haverhill, Lawrence and Boston.

Trains connect at Manchester and Concord, for Laconia, Weirs, Plymouth, Woodsville, Littleton, Lancaster, St. Johnsbury, Newport, Vt. Montreal and the west.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen'l P. and T. Agt

Government Ferry

TIME TABLE.

Leave Navy Yard—8 00*, 8 20, 8 40, 9 15, 10 00 11 45 a. m., 1 45, 2 05, 3 00, 4 00, 4 45, 5 15, 7 30 p. m. (Wednesdays and Saturdays). Sundays, 9 00 9 45, 10 15, a. m., 12 10, 12 20 p. m. Holidays, 9 00 10 30, 11 30 a. m.

Leave Portsmouth—8 10*, 8 30, 8 50, 9 30, 11 a. m., 12 15, 1 55, 2 15 3 30, 4 30, 5 00, 6 00, 10 0 m. (Wednesdays and Saturdays). Sundays, 9 00 10 00, a. m., 12 00 m., 12 20, 12 40 p. m. Holidays 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m.

*From May until October.

Portsmouth, Kittery and York Street Railway

Time Table.

Until further notice cars will run as follows:

Leave Badger's for York beach—7.00 8.00, 9 00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00, a. m. 1.00, 2 00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 11.00*. For Sea Point—6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 11.30, a. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30 p. m. Saturday only 9.30.

Leave York beach for Portsmouth —5,50, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 * p. m.

*Kittery Point only.

Steamer Mystic leaves the Spring market landing every half hour from 6.20 a. m., to 10.50 p. m., making close connection with cars scheduled to leave Badger's island. Leaving ten minutes before the even hour and half-hour.

Sunday time same as on week days except that the first car leaves Badger's at and at 8 a. m., and York beach at 8.30 a. m.

W. G. MELOON, Supt.

TIME TABLE.

Steamer Samuel Butterfield—Kittery Point and Newcastle.

Leave Newcastle, making close connection at Kittery Point bridge with the Electric cars. 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00 10 00, 11 00, 12 00 A. M., 1 00, 2 00 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, P. M. Saturday only, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 9 30 P. M.,

Leave Kittery Point bridge upon arrival of Electric cars, which leave Badger's Island as follows: 7 00, 8 00, 9 00 10 00, 11 00, 12 00 A. M., 1 00, 2 00 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00 P. M. Saturday only, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00 P. M.

A. F. ROSE, Master

EXETER STREET RAILWAY.

Commencing Oct. 14, until further notice. Official time table.

Leave Exeter Depot for Beach—6.4 7.54, 9.00, *9.30, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 m.; 1.00, 2.00, *2.30, 3.00, 4.00, 5.0 *5.38, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, *9.00, "10.30 m.

Leave Hampton Depot for Beach 6.27, 7.27, 8.27, 9.42, 10.42, 11.42, 12.4 a. m.; 1.42, 2.42, 3.42, 4 42, 5.42, 6.4 7.42, 8.42, 9.42, "11.10 p. m.

Arrive at Beach—6.45, 7.45, 8.4 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 a. m.; 1.00, 2.0 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00 m.

Leave Beach for Exeter—6.45, 7.4 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 a. m.; 1.00, 2.0 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.30 m.

Leave Hampton Depot for Exeter 6.05, 7.03, 8.03, 9.22, 10.18, 11.18, 12.1 a. m.; 1.18, 2 18, 3.18, 4.18, 5.21, 6.1 7.18, 8.18, 9.48, *9.52, "11.20 p. m.

Arrive at Exeter Depot—6.45, 7.4 8.45, 9 25 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 a. m.; 1.0 2.00, 2 25, *3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 5.30, 6.0 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.30 p. m.

Sunday first car leaves Exeter at 7. a. m., connects at Hampton with 8. train for Boston, otherwise as week day

East End School, Hampton—"Wait for close of theatre and runs as far there are passengers. *Power House only. "Power House only.

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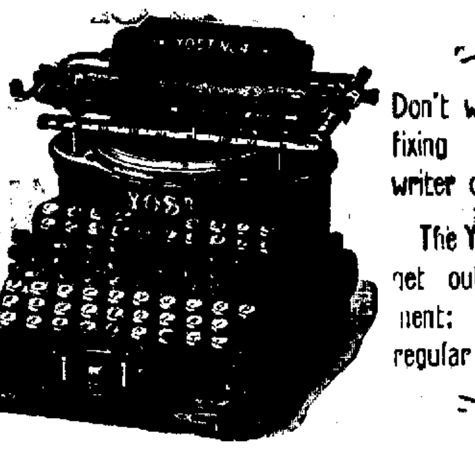

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For Sale by Geo. Hill, Druggist.

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INJECTION.

A PERMANENT CURE

of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhoea and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required.

Sold by all druggists.

NOTICE.

PERSONS having night soil or other removed cess pools and drains to be cleaned, or other work to be done, will have their orders promptly attended to by leaving them at No. 1 [illegible] Hill street. [illegible]

HOPE OF A PEACEFUL ISSUE.

Basis of an Armistice Said to Have Been Agreed Upon.

MADRID REPORT TO THAT EFFECT.

Possible Reason For Change In Presidential Plans.

Senators Anxious to Know Where They Are At—Belief That an Ulterior Motive Inspired the Non-Delivery of the Important Pronouncement—Mr. Quay's Sharp Comment on the Delay In Removing Americans In Havana—Movement of Radicals In Abeyance—Spokesman of the Cuban Junta In a Fury and Threatens War on the United States Troops if They Land In Cuba to Enforce an Armistice.

Madrid, April 7.—The hope of reaching a peaceful settlement with the United States is growing stronger. It is reported that the bases of an armistice in Cuba have been arranged. If this be true a royal decree will appear in The Gazette today or Friday announcing the conclusion of an armistice.

There is said to be no doubt that Spain is prepared to give all America has asked, although the form of this concession must be gilded to suit Spanish palates and must take into consideration the political difficulties which confront Spain.

NO MESSAGE.

Surprise and Disappointment That the President Did Not Speak.

Washington, April 7.—Swift as a cannon's flash was the change in the Cuban situation yesterday. The galleries of congress were crowded, senators and representatives were anxious and agitated, and even the diplomatic corps was in a ferment, awaiting a message from the president to the congress of the American people that might mean war, when, with excitement at the very highest, the word quickly passed that there would be no message at present. Its suddenness stunned the public, which heard the news in distorted forms, and amazed veteran members of congress.

Ultimately it became known that not only would there be no message Wednesday, but no message this week, and that it was at least a possibility the message written and approved might never go to congress at all. The first reason for the delay was that the administration received advices from General Lee at Havana, indicating that all Americans could not be gotten off the island yesterday and would be in grave peril if the message preceded their departure. The second reason, and perhaps equally potent with the other, slowly drifted into public comprehension late in the day, chiefly through the medium of dispatches from Madrid, for extreme reticent was maintained on the subject by the few in Washington who knew the facts. This important news was that the Spanish government, after what plainly had been the most exciting times in inner Spanish circles at Madrid, had decided to reopen the case, which had been closed so far as this government was concerned by the refusal of Spain to make satisfactory response to the representations made by the United States last week, and, in order to avert impending war, had decided to make concessions heretofore refused.

What will be the final outcome, it is too early to say, but the aspect of affairs certainly is considerably more pacific and sufficient to renew the hope of the president in a solution of the Cuban question satisfactory to the American people and achieved without bloodshed. The details remain to be worked out, but it is expected that between now and Monday a clearer light will be thrown on the future by the action at Madrid, of which one important feature at least is the declaration of an armistice by the queen regent of Spain. This armistice, it is expected, will lead to the ultimate independence of Cuba from Spanish rule, but by what intermediate steps perhaps even the governing powers do not at this time know. Much, it is supposed, will depend upon the Cuban insurgents and the peoples of the United States and Spain.

The powers of Europe, material and moral, it is known brought to bear all their influence on the government of Spain, and still are actively at work seeking by the wisest and most politic course necessary, in view of the circumstances and sentiments of the two great nations involved, to bring peace out of the gathering clouds. All the capitals of Europe have been in communication to this end, a fact evidenced by the assemblage at the British embassy of the representatives of the six great powers of Europe, who then and there were made mutually acquainted with what had been done abroad and with the desire of those who accredited them to Washington that they should work in accordance here, this concert, however, in the United States, not to go beyond a mild tender of good offices to secure peace and delay a definite declaration of war, if hostilities finally became inevitable. Some of the representatives assembled at Sir Julian Pauncefote's may have wished to offer mediation, but if so they were warned against it by others in the conference who understood more clearly that such a procedure would be resented and work to hostile and not to peaceful ends.

The improved condition of affairs was reflected throughout all public quarters. The Spanish minister said that while he could not disclose any of the information reaching him in an official character, yet he felt that the strain of a few hours ago was materially relieved and that the prospects for peace looked much brighter. He in no way confirmed, nor would he even discuss, views entertained in other quarters that Spain was slowly but surely yielding, and confined his utterances to the general statement that conditions were improving.

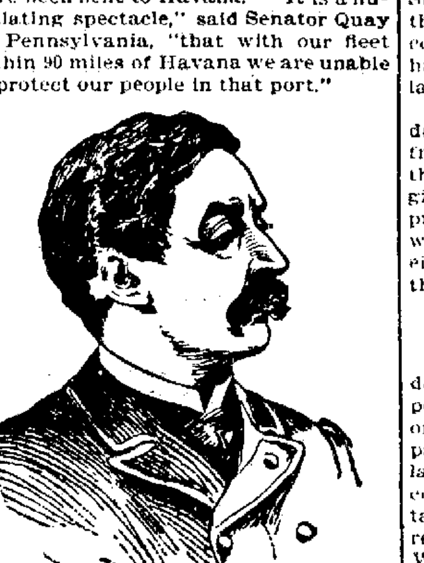
While the message was awaited there came a hurried summons of leaders of the senate and house to the White House, and they were there informed that the message was to be withheld upon the information received from Consul General Lee. The reasons he gave were deemed entirely satisfactory by all, and Senator Davis informed the senate, while the house leaders carried the news to that body. That the danger to American life was considered sufficient reason for non-action appeared in the postponement of all meetings to consider the situation. The proposed armistice by Spain injected another feature into the discussion of the situation, and while some were very hopeful that a satisfactory solution of the problem might eventuate from it, the general feeling was that the conditions in Cuba, the determination of the insurgents to continue fighting until independence was recognized, and the sentiment of this country in favor of Cuba's independence of Spain possibly made overtures on this line too late.

A generally quieter feeling was evident at the war and navy departments, where, in contrast to the feverish excitement of the past week, the tone was almost apathetic. While there was the usual amount of routine attendant upon the recent work of preparation, things settled down almost to the normal. No more contracts for new vessels were closed, and no changes in the stations of ships announced. The day was also noticeable for the absence of the conferences of high officials, and the great tide of visitors, congressmen, public men and contractors almost entirely disappeared.

Assistant Secretary Meikeljohn of the war department made public a statement showing that up to this time there had been allotted to the department $9,279,197 from the emergency fund of $50,000,000 appropriated by congress, of which $927,805 have been expended; but as much of the work begun and the munitions of war bought is by the contract system, the government is liable for considerable of the remainder.

The state department officials are anticipating with much interest and considerable apprehension the possibilities of the coming Easter holidays in Spain and Cuba. It is at such times that the people, especially when national questions are uppermost in the public mind, are apt to give way to their feelings and indulge in riotous demonstrations. These holidays begin today, which is holy Thursday, and continue for several days. Most of the business houses and all the places of amusement are closed until Sunday, and consequently many idle people assemble. On Sunday many of the shops are opened for half a day, being closed at noon to permit the employes to indulge in various pastimes and sports, and to attend the bull fights which are so popular in both Spain and Cuba. In view of the very strained relations existing at this time between Spain and the United States, the assemblage of large crowds in public places may, it is feared, lead to uprisings and to demonstrations against American citizens who may reside in Spain or Cuba.

The delay in the settlement of the Cuban question was treated in the senate with varying degrees of favor or disfavor, depending largely upon the predilections and personal political associations of senators. All united in admitting the necessity of protecting General Lee and the other American citizens in Cuba. Many, however, were inclined to criticise because our citizens had not been removed heretofore, while others declared protection for them should have been sent to Havana. "It is a humiliating spectacle," said Senator Quay of Pennsylvania, "that with our fleet within 90 miles of Havana we are unable to protect our people in that port."



MATTHEW S. QUAY.

The intense Cuban sympathizers were free in the opinion that there was some motive in the delay that did not appear on the surface. They did not question the good faith of the representations as to the danger of Americans in Cuba, but they argued that there must have been other causes for the administration's course. When the Madrid bulletin stating the probability of an armistice in Cuba was made known, they found in it a verification of their surmises. At one time during the afternoon the indication was strong that dissatisfaction would find voice in the open session of the senate, but those who felt disposed to discuss the question were restrained largely from a feeling of delicacy because not fully certain of their ground. The conservative element did not find encouragement in the situation. They were not displeased over the prospect of delay, but they expressed regret at the occasion for it. "The publication of the fact of danger to Americans in Cuba," said one of them, "will set the country aflame and the war spirit will be more rampant than ever." Senator Elkins was among the conservatives who expressed apprehension as to the effect of the reports from General Lee, but he found great encouragement in the outlook for a peaceful settlement of the difficulty.

The personal followers of the president declined to see any other reason for his action than that of conserving the safety of Americans in Cuba, and said that for him to have taken any other course under the circumstances would have been inconsiderate and inhuman. Altogether the day's proceedings had the effect of leaving the senate in an unsettled condition, but it also relieved the tension to a perceptible degree.

WOULD FIGHT UNCLE SAM.

New York, April 7.—After quoting from the address to the people of the United States issued by Mr. Palma on March 17, Mr. Rubens of the Cuban junta says: "In the face of the present proposal of intervention without previous recognition, it is necessary for us to say that we must and will regard such intervention as nothing less than a declaration of war by the United States against the Cuban revolutionists. If intervention shall take place on that basis, and the United States shall land an armed force on Cuban soil, we shall treat that force as an enemy to be opposed, and, if possible, expel, so long as the recognition of a free Cuban republic is withheld.

"I do not mean to say that the Cuban army will assemble on the coast to resist the landing of federal troops, but that it will remain in the interior, refusing to co-operate, declining to acknowledge any American authority, ignoring and rejecting the intervention to every possible extent. Should the United States troops succeed in expelling the Spanish; should the United States then declare a protectorate over the island—however provisional or tentative—and seek to extend its authority over the government of Cuba and the army of liberation, we would resist with force of arms as bitterly and tenaciously as we have fought the armies of Spain.

"The Cubans are already fairly informed of this entente between the Spanish and American governments, veiled as it is by every semblance of an open rupture; and I speak with full authority in saying that the Cubans in the field can be relied upon to resist all overtures for peace unaccompanied by complete independence. The Cubans will not trust the United States first to obtain possession and then grant independence. The very fact that recognition is expressly withheld now implies the possibility that it may be permanently withheld. In fact we more than half know what to expect in the event of the United States becoming master of the island."

VIEWS OF AN AUTHORITY.

New York, April 7.—Frederick R. Coudert, an authority on international law, referring to the statement in the British house of commons by Sir Richard Webster, to the effect that neither the United States nor Spain, in the event of war between the two nations, would be affected by the declaration of Paris, and that the right of search by them for contraband of war undoubtedly exists, said: "It is plain, as stated by Sir Richard Webster, that the rights of Spain and the United States respectively as belligerents would not be affected by the declaration of Paris. They were neither of them parties to the congress and cannot be bound by its results.

FREDERIC R. COUDERT.

"I cannot agree, however, to the proposition that the United States has lost any rights by expressing opinions in the past upon the subjects now coming up in practical shape. The rights of the United States must be regulated by the measure of her obligations. Her obligations and duties are not to be increased in the one case or diminished in the other by expressions of opinion on the part of those who might happen to be temporarily at the head of the government. Especially is this so if those expressions were not acquiesced in by Spain. It is certainly an untenable proposition to hold that the United States have stopped themselves from the exercise of a right which Spain continues to possess because the former has expressed opinions against and the latter in favor of such supposed right.

"As to the right of search itself, it does not seem to be different in extent from what it has heretofore been. As the neutral is bound to abstain from giving aid to either side, his ships are prohibited from carrying contraband of war, and in order to ascertain that fact either belligerent is at liberty to search the vessel that carries a neutral flag."

TARGETS FOR THREATS.

New York, April 7.—A staff correspondent of the Associated Press, writing a personal communication from Havana on Saturday last, says: "The latter part of the week has not been particularly pleasant for the eight American correspondents left here. We have been targets for threats of assassination and recipients of innumerable warnings. We heed the warnings and disregard the threats with such composure as is given to each of us. As there is a good deal of 'walking in the dark' about the whole thing, we will all be glad when it comes to a definite issue, one way or the other."

"QUIET AND ORDERLY."

Havana, April 7.—After many days of foolish confidence that something would happen, a number of people here, Americans and others, have been plunged into foolish fear and turmoil. People who should know better insist that war has been declared; others are sure that the pope has secured peace with honor. Bankers with close American connections are packing their papers, collecting debts, arranging for guards for their vaults and sending their families away, Cuban women, with husbands, fathers, or brothers in the insurgent ranks, are in a state of terror. The few simon pure Americans who remain keep as cool as may be.

It is to the credit of the government here that although it was well known that yesterday was crucial with war probable and Spanish defeat certain, Havana up to 11 yesterday morning was generally quiet and orderly. The removal of the embargo consequent upon the quarantine laws gives relief to thousands, but the new trouble arises of lack of transportation. No doubt many will leave as the result of a needless scare, since probably they would be as safe here as anywhere, a possible bombardment being left out of the account. Some Spaniards still talk wildly about the United States fleet being blown out of the water by fire from the Havana batteries on the water front, but as careful practice two days ago showed the inability of the gunners to come within 100 yards of a target on smooth water at a range of two miles or thereabouts, naval men need not be apprehensive of the effect of the Havana guns.

A DASH TO THE CANARIES.

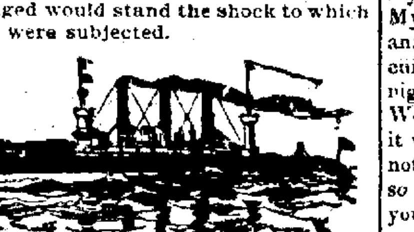
Washington, April 7.—The plan for the naval forces in event of hostilities is now practically completed after several weeks of constant work on the part of the officers to whom was entrusted this important feature of the war preparations. While these plans are closely guarded, it may be stated that one feature of them contemplates a dash by the flying squadron under Commodore Schley to the Canary islands.

As outlined by a high naval official, the plan is that in the event of a declaration of war, the flying squadron as it is now composed, or possibly with the addition of a few more ships, will immediately start for the east with the Canaries as its destination. Naval officials do not think it would be a difficult task for so powerful a fleet to establish a station at that point, and operating from it as a base harrass the coast of Spain.

From that point the squadron would not only be placed advantageously to intercept Spanish merchantmen, but would be in a position, should circumstances demand, to attack a seaport. It was also pointed out by this officer that to seize and hold the Canary islands would be a severe blow to Spain, inasmuch as the islands lie between the Cape Verde islands and Spain, and in direct line with the route to China. Should such a plan be put in operation the American fleet in Cuban waters would be composed of the squadron at the Tortugas and such additional vessels as could be spared from the protection of the coast further up.

BROOKLYN'S GUNS TESTED.

Fort Monroe, April 7.—The Brooklyn, flagship of the flying squadron, tried her 8-inch guns yesterday, in order to test the new elevating apparatus designed to give them greater range. The test was not made solely to demonstrate the ability of the apparatus, but to see if the turrets after being so materially changed would stand the shock to which they were subjected.



THE BROOKLYN.

In 35 minutes every railing, rope, capstan, anchor, small boat and loose hamper had been removed. The first shot was sent with a service charge of 85 pounds of powder, the gun being elevated at five degrees. The two 200-pound shell left the muzzle of the gun at a velocity of 2000 feet a second. It struck the water two and three-quarters miles from the ship, sending up a vast column of water. The second shot was with a full powder charge, 110 pounds, and sent the projectile nearly four miles, putting it in the water at a speed of 1000 feet per second. There was no perceptible jarring from the shot.

PRAYER OF PREACHERS.

Worcester, Mass., April 7.—The New England Methodist conference has adopted a resolution addressed to the president as follows: "The conference desires to express to you its profound sympathy in your untiring efforts in behalf of suffering humanity on the island of Cuba, and its hearty endorsement of your policy to do everything consistent with our honor as a nation to adjust the strained relations between this country and Spain without recourse to devastating war. It is the fervent prayer of the preachers and the people that you may have the dignified support of the national congress in the settlement of this difficulty."

STILL LOOKS FOR WAR.

Baltimore, April 7.—United States Senator Wellington, who was in Baltimore yesterday, said: "I had hoped that war could be averted, but I see no prospect of that at the present time, and unless there is a decided change in the situation war in a very short time is inevitable."

ACCUSED OF JUGGLING.

London, April 7.—The highest officials in this city are convinced that Spain designedly juggled the alleged facts of President McKinley's connection with the pope's attempt to mediate in order to influence public opinion in Europe against the United States, using the Spanish ambassadors at the capitals as the mouthpieces of the misinformation. This, apparently, had the desired effect upon continental opinion, but it had exactly the opposite effect in Great Britain.

RECEIVED NO ORDERS.

Havana, April 7.—The attitude of the public here is one of quiet expectancy. The order maintained in the city is admirable. Consul General Lee assures the correspondent of the Associated Press that he has received no instructions to leave Havana. It is reported, however, that some of the consular records were sent north by the Mascotte. She is expected back from Key West on Friday. With the Bache, Mangrove and Fern there will be ample accommodation then to take away all who are entitled to go.

MRS. WOODFORD'S DEPARTURE.

Madrid, April 7.—Mrs. Woodford, wife of the United States minister, accompanied by her niece and Lieutenant G. L. Dyer, the United States naval attache, left last night for Biarritz. General Woodford bade them farewell at the station. Considerable surprise is expressed at their departure "in view of the settlement," but Miss Woodford remains, and it is explained that the others will soon return.

Left Handed Troubles.

A man I know gave a dinner at a fashionable restaurant. A man from Minnesota was one of the guests. When the coffee was brought on, the Minnesota man engaged the attention of the waiter.

"I beg your pardon," said he politely, "but I am left handed. Won't you kindly bring me a cup with the handle on the left side?"

"Certainly, sir," replied the waiter and withdrew. A few minutes later he was seen to re-enter the dining room and whisper to the head waiter. The head waiter immediately bustled out. Presently he returned. He was visibly distressed as he made his way to the Minnesota man.

"I'm very sorry, sir," he said apologetically, "but we haven't any cups in the house with the handles on the left side. You see," with a brave attempt to preserve the reputation of the house, "you see, sir, we have so little call for them we don't keep them."—Washington Post.

Ordinary household accidents have no terrors when there's a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the medicine chest. Heals burns, cuts, bruises, sprains. Instant relief.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist, who will guarantee a cure. Booklet and sample mailed free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Just try a 10c. box of Cascarets, the best liver and bowel regulator ever made

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All Portsmouth People Have to do Is to Follow the Example of Fellow Citizens.

Facts are stubborn.
Some may be disputed.
None can be disproved.
A fact is the opposite of fiction.
Is always hedged about with proof.
Has to stand the test of investigation.
Or it drifts to the realm of doubt.
Investigate closely the following.
The closer the scrutiny the more convincing the result.
A Portsmouth citizen speaks here.
Speaks from experience and conviction.
Relates facts, stubborn facts.
This may be disputed, but cannot be disproved.

Mrs Wm. Bell, of No. 2 Hill street, says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills and so did my husband. Both of us received great benefit from them, and we unite in recommending them to others. We read about them in the newspaper, and as we both were suffering at the time we got a box at Philbrick's pharmacy, on Congress street. I was troubled with a grinding pain in my back, dizziness and distress in my head, and lameness over my kidneys My husband had lameness in the back and the secretions from the kidneys occurred too frequently, and particularly at night, which greatly disturbed his rest We commenced using them together and it was not very long before the desired if not expected result took place. We are so pleased with Doan's Kidney Pills, that you are at liberty to use our names in making known the fact that we never used a better remedy, and that we conscientiously think they will act the same on any sufferer from kidney complaint

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

It Makes A Difference

Whether a room is papered with some severe, ugly pattern, or a design picked from the hundreds in our store.

A paper can be selected here, at any price, that will beautify the roughest looking walls. The patterns are artistic, the colors delightfully harmonious, and the quality all that could be desired.

J. H. GARDINER, 10 & 12 Daniel St.

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Visiting Philadelphia and all points of interest in Washington. Stop over in New York if desired.

7 Days All Expenses Except Supper Returning $23

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Eight-day tours will leave Boston January 4, Feb. 22, March 22 and April 12.

RATE $28.

Tours to California and Floridа

Itineraries of D. N. Bell, Tourist Agent, 205 Washington Street, Boston.

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BRICK AND STONE MASON AND PLASTERER.

Chimney work a Specialty.

Small Repairs Promptly Attended to.

PERCY O. SMART,

28 South St.

Dental Inducements Never Before Offered

1898 Dr. Goodall Established 1860

Cleaning teeth, 50c.; gold alloy fillings 75c and $1.00; extracting teeth, 25 and 50 cents; full set of teeth, (upper or lower) $9.00. No students; advice free; weighted lower sets for shallow jaws Improved upper sets with "plumpers" for wasted faces. Broken and cracked plates repaired promptly—wherever made.

OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 1 and 1.30 to 5.

The Great French Remedy Dr. Pasteur's

REVIVO Restores VITALITY, LOST VIGOR, and MANHOOD

DR. PASTEUR.

Cures Impotency, Nightly Emissions and Wasting Diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood-builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail, $1 per box; 6 for $5, with written guarantee to cure or refund money. Write for free medical book. ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILLS. For sale by

W. D. GRACE, Druggist

Classified Advertisements.

Small advertisements set Solid, without display

Seven Words to a Line.

Such as Wants, For Sale and To Let. 50 cents per week 20 cents one insertion.

TO LET—Furnished room with steam heat. Apply at 34 Fleet street.

Piano for sale. High grade upright piano, been used very little, must be sold. Address G H D Box 313, Dover N H.

Send 10 cents to us and we will send you a bottle of our Dandruff and Scalp Cure. F. McKee, Dover N. H.

CHRISTIAN man wanted, not employed, acquainted with church people; $18 per week Write Standard Manufacturing Co; 11 Franklin St., Boston Mass.

TO LET—Tenement of six rooms on Maplewood avenue. Rent, nine dollars per month Apply at 9 Islington street.

OLIVER W. HAM

SUCCESSOR TO SAMUEL S. FLETCHER,

60 Market Street,

Furniture Dealer

— AND —

Undertaker.

NIGHT CALLS at side entrance, No. 2 Hanover Street and at residence, Cor New Vaughan Street and Raynes' Ave.

Telephone 59—2.

Granite State

FIRE

Insurance Comp'y,

OF PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Paid up Capital, $200,000

OFFICERS:

President, Frank Jones

Vice-President, John W Sanborn

Secretary Alfred F Howard.

Ass't Sec., John W Emery

Treasurer, J. V. Hanscom.

Executive Committee, Frank Jones, John W. Sanborn, Charles A. Sinclair, Albert Wallace and E. H Winchester.

Sewing Machines Repaired,

Needles and Supplies of all Kinds

C. B. Chadwick & Co

Agents for the Domestic,

11 Bow St.

COAL

O. F. Philbrick & Co.,

4 Water St.,

WOOD

FOR SALE

Steamer E. P. Dickson.

Length,	48 ft. 5 in.
Width,	11 ft. 7 in.
Depth,	4 ft. 4 in.
Gross Tonnage	17.36 Tons
Net Tonnage	9.19 Tons

Licensed to carry 25 persons.

BOILER—69 in. in length. 30 in. in diameter, made of lawful steel in 1890. Allowed steam pressure of 120 pounds to the square inch. Thickness of plate 375-1000 of an inch. Steel made by the Freemont Nail Co., double riveted. About 40 horse power. Built by Cunningham in 1890.

ENGINE—Paine Compound Engine. 8x16 to cylinder, 10 in. stroke. Built about five years ago.

SPEED—10 to 12 knots per. hour.

She is now afloat at Jones' Wharf at Portsmouth N. H. For further particulars, apply to

FRANK JONES, PORTSMOUTH N. H.

PILES

Williams Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for PILES. It absorbs tumors. Stops itching. GIVES RELIEF. 50c and $1. At Druggists

For Sale by Geo. Hill, Druggist.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Place To Buy

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— OR —

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Wrappers

IS AT

Lewis E. Staples,

7 Market Street.

COLUMBIAN CHOCOLATES

Finest Grade

Per pound 50c.

Mailard's Famous Mixture OF CHOCOLATES AND BON BONS

25 Cents

WYLIE'S MOLASSES KISSES.

20 Cents.

GREEN'S WALNUT KISSES.

20 Cents.

GIBSON'S LIME FRUIT TABLETS,

Per Quarter 15 Cents.

Pattbrick's Pharmacy Franklin Block Portsmouth, N H

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES

— OR —

Baby Carriages.

Either or both, we have a good assortment of each

With Shaved Spoke, Wood Wheels or Rubber Tire Wheels and Patent Brake

PRICES ARE RIGHT,

See our carriages before you purchase.

W. E. PAUL,

39 to 45 Market Street

A High Pair Which Can't B Beaten

Our line of Boys and Youths shoes is unsurpassed for elegance or wear. Price cannot be duplicated elsewhere.

KNIGHT'S

Shoe Store,

10 Market Square.

FOR SALE.

50 Tons of Hay

In Large or Small Quantities.

Apply to

J. Edw. Pickering.

Portsmouth Steam Laundry,

67 State st.

THE HERALD.

1898 APRIL. 1898

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon	6	4:35 p. m.	New Moon	20	5:37 p. m.
Third Quarter	13	9:44 a. m.	First Quarter	28	9:21 p. m.

WEATHER FORECAST.

In New England it now seems certain to continue fair the remainder of the week, with rising temperature and winds becoming southwesterly after today.

ALMANAC, FRIDAY, APRIL 8.

Sun rises 5:15, sets, 6:18.
Moon rises 2:01 p. m.
High tide 12 noon; 12:15 night.

THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1898.

For local news--While it is a ive--Read the Herald.

Funeral of Charles S Grant

The funeral services over the remains of Charles S. Grant were held at his late home on Park street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. William Warren, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, conducted the service, which was largely attended Nearly every one of the colored residents of this city were present to pay their last sad respects to one who was loved and respected by them all.

The floral tributes were very beautiful and showed with what regard he was held by his friends. The interment was in Harmony Grove.

Gone Out of Commission

All the men attached to the U. S. S. Essex were sent to the receiving ship Wabash at Boston on Wednesday afternoon. The officers are still here but it is understood that they will receive their orders today. Commander Rush hauled his pennant down at 1.45 p. m., by direction of Commodore Remey.

Recruits Arrive

A detachment of twenty-five marines arrived here from the Charlestown navy yard last evening and were taken to the yard on the government ferryboat. They were a good looking set of men and attracted considerable attention as they marched through the streets on their way to the boat.

Salvation Army

Sunday, April 10, Frank W. Teague, secretary of the Y. M. C. A., will give an address at 7:30 o'clock. Meeting of the army will be a special time.

Rev. Robert L. Dustin will give a special address at the 3 o'clock meeting. A grand time is expected.

Chopped His Foot

While engaged in cutting wood on Monday afternoon, George Remick of Rye met with a painful accident. The axe slipped away from a knot and inflicted a severe wound in the right foot. He was forced to walk to his home, a mile away, where Dr. Junkins dressed the wound.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort, instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

A GOLD WATCH

Is a good thing to have in your pocket. The watch you should carry is in our stock and the price which we offer it at makes it extremely easy to pocket the very one you want.

Remember the Place,

The New Jewelry Store, Franklin Block

51 Congress St

PAUL M. HARVEY,

(Successor to)

HODSDON & HARVEY

Portsmouth, N H

7-20-4

10 Cent Cigar,

Little Gold Dust, Havana Filled, 5c Cigar.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr.

For sale by all dealers At wholesale in Portsmouth by F. S. Wendell.

BADLY INJURED

Charles Colbath Knocked Down and Stepped on by a Runaway Colt

Mr. Charles Colbath, the well known expressman, met with a serious accident last evening which has proven to be a great deal worse than was at first thought He left his horse, a young colt, standing outside of Chesley's grocery store while he went inside to make a purchase. The animal took fright at something and started to run away. Mr. Colbath ran out to grasp him by the head when he slipped and fell under the horse's feet. Before he could get out of the way the animal had stepped on his chest with one of his hind feet injuring Mr. Colbath terribly.

A number of spectators quickly went to his assistance and carried him into Mr. Sweetser's store where Dr. Hawke of York, who was an eye witness of the accident, did everything in his power to relieve him.

After a while he was able to be taken home where Dr. Junkins made an examination but at the time could not determine whether he was injured internally or not. This morning Mr. Colbath was no better and there are grave fears that he was hurt worse than was at first anticipated.

During the runaway Chesley's delivery wagon was quite badly damaged while Mr. Colbath's horse was finally stopped at the upper end of Market street by Edward Call, who sprang at the horse's head and at the risk of getting killed stopped the mad runaway.

CANNOT HANDLE THE COAL

The government inspectors have refused to accept the cargo of 1697 tons of anthracite coal which was brought to Boston by the steamer Lebanon, the principal reason being that there are no facilities for the quick discharge of this cargo at the navy yard.

There is only one small derrick at the yard which could be utilized, and at least a week would be consumed in removing the cargo from the vessel by this means It was, therefore, decided to turn the coal over to the Philadelphia and Reading company, to be discharged at its pocket at Mystic wharf.

This morning the Lebanon hauled over to the navy yard, and the work of fitting her for the government service was begun. Two rapid-fire guns will be placed on board and some slight alterations made to enable her to be utilized as a supply carrier. The captain and crew will leave the vessel immediately she reaches the navy yard wharf, where the formal transfer to the government will occur.

WITH THE POLICE.

Two Well Known Characters Arrested by the Officers Last Evening

John Sullivan, a well known character in police circles, was landed behind the bars again last evening after a fierce struggle with he officers. Sullivan is the man who gave Officer Quinn the tussle last summer when the latter attempted to arrest him for drunkenness and using profane language. He was drunk on Congress street last evening when arrested by Officers Quinn and Murphy. At the station house he put up a game fight, but was downed and placed in a cell by the two officers.

George Laskey, another old rounder, was brought in during the evening by Officers Burns and Anderson who found him drunk on Water street. Both men were booked for trial in police court this morning.

One of the lodgers at the police station last evening was a sixteen-year-old French boy who walked here from Newmarket yesterday looking for work. He is an orphan and has no relatives whatever that he knows of.

Walter's Throwing Arm

"Wood's throwing arm is coming around beautifully. In practice he never throws a ball hard, always flipping it underhand or hurling it with a sidewise swing. But when the need comes, he always wings the ball with speed and accuracy. He has the fault of pausing a little too long before throwing, but he usually gets the runner." —Chicago Record.

Drawn as Jurors

At a meeting of the selectmen of ward one last evening William T. Eatwistle and William E. Peirce were drawn as petit jurors to serve at the April term of supreme court.

PERSONALS.

A. B. Trefethen was a visitor in Boston today.

W. E. Chesley was in Boston today on business.

J. L. O. Coleman was in Boston today on business.

J. Albert Walker was in town on Wednesday on business.

William E. Marvin, Esq., was a visitor in Concord yesterday.

W. Scott Smith left for Washington today on a business trip.

Leon Scruton left for Wolfeboro on Wednesday on business.

Stephen Decatur has returned from a short visit to Washington.

Hon J. S. H. Frink was in Boston on Tuesday on legal business.

Rev. Alfred Gooding is passing a few days in and around Boston.

Miss Lucy Hoyt was the guest of friends in Newington on Wednesday.

William A. Allen of this city has been granted a pension of $6 a month.

J. Edward Pickering was a visitor in Boston on Wednesday on business.

Mrs. Benjamin Green is passing a few days in Boston, the guest of friends.

Judge Calvin Page was a passenger on the 7.20 train for Boston this morning.

Mr. Arthur Williams left this morning on an extended visit to St. Louis, Missouri.

City Marshal Entwistle went to Dover today to testify at the Jones murder trial.

Judge E. H. Adams was a passenger on the 5 25 train for Manchester on Wednesday evening.

James Boardman of Kittery, who has been in Florida during the winter, has returned home.

Mr. Lyman Pickering has entered the employ of C. Frank Wells, the Market street grocer.

Fred Smart, telegraph operator at Greenland, was a visitor in town on Wednesday evening.

Fred Gentleman of Dartmouth college is passing his spring vacation with relatives in this city.

Mrs. Pease and the Misses Conners of Newfields are the guests of Mrs. A. P. Conner of Union street.

Rev. Father O'Neil and Brother Jerome of Dover, were the guests of Rev. Father Delaney in town on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Frisbee and little son, who have been wintering in Florida, have returned to their home in this city.

C. M. White, who has been passing the winter at the Tarpon Springs house in Florida, has returned to his home in Newcastle.

Mr. Perry E. Conner entertained a small party of friends at whist at his home on Union street on Wednesday evening.

William Teasdale of New Jersey, an expert accountant, is in town and will examine the books of the Frank Jones' Brewing company.

THE HERALD'S SOUVENIR

..... IS OUT .....

18 Pages - - 229 Illustrations.

Printed on fine calendared paper, with half-tone engraving on copper.

PICTORIAL PORTSMOUTH.

A Magnificent Work.

15 Cents A Copy.

Tried to Escape

It has been learned that the reason of the removal of the alleged murderer, Nason, from the jail at Ossipee to the jail in this city was for the reason that he attempted to escape. Monday night the officers, while making an inspection, found that he had dug a large hole in one corner of his cell, and that with a few more hours' work escape for him would be an assured thing.

Another reason, less important, was the fact that Stiles would probably be committed to the Ossipee jail and the authorities did not want the two men together to concoct a defence.

Internal Revenue Receipts

The internal revenue receipts for the month of March for this district comprising Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont, were $29,925.94 against $24,317.91 for the corresponding month last year. This is a net gain of $5608.03.

Whist Party

Mr. Perry E. Conner entertained a party of his friends at whist at his home on Union street last evening. The ladies' first prize was won by Miss Fitzsimmons and the gentlemen's first by J. Byron Shannon. Refreshments were served and the party broke up about midnight after passing a very pleasant evening.

CITY BRIEFS.

Holy Thursday.

Still winter weather.

Quite a snow for April.

March is just one month behind.

Cloth topped shoes will be in style this summer.

Yesterday's coating of snow called the hunters out.

Strawberries are in the market at 25 cents a box.

Ladies and gents box calf shoes for $2.00 at Knights.'

The Spalding is the coming wheel. Be sure and ride one.

Easter sales are now on the tapis among the churches.

Eugene Foster of Kittery, is to move his family to this city.

Steam carpet cleaning by C. L. Simpson is the best method.

A good cigar is man's enjoyment. Next time try Dowd's Honest 10.

Ice cream signs have been taken in again and placed by the fire.

William Witham of Newington has moved his family to this city.

The inspection of Company A, N H. N. G., will be held Friday evening.

Twenty years ago today all trains were blocked by snow on the New Hampshire railroads.

Examine the Spalding and be convinced of its merits. You can see them at 70 Pleasant street.

The "S. G." Londres is made of the choicest stock and is the best ten-cent cigar in the market.

Workmen are engaged in repairing the Noble Island draw bridge and will make it a great deal stronger.

The impression is prevailing that the weather dealer monkeyed the cards when he shuffled off March and April.

Ralph H. Parker is to take part in the cantata Rebecca to be given in the Rye town hall next Thursday evening.

Even this sort of April showers will be helpful to a large May flower crop when the milder weather becomes continuous.

The Sunday school of the Congregational society at Rye will give an Easter concert at the church next Sunday evening.

The Rt. Rev. W. W. Niles, D. D., Bishop of New Hampshire, will preach in St. John's church on Good Friday morning.

Have your shoes repaired by John W Mott, 34 Congress street. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hand-sewed work a specialty.

President McKinley may wish before he is through that he was never put in a position which involved a congress on his hands.

By the time that message shows up the country may have forgotten that there ever was any misunderstanding with Spain.

Eastman's orchestra of nine pieces will give a concert at the town hall, Rye, this Thursday evening. After the concert there will be a hop.

Chief Ranger Leary and the other officers of Court Rockingham are to make their annual Easter ball the event of the season.

The first volume of the published proceedings of the New Hampshire Society, Sons of the American Revolution, has made its appearance.

Both New Hampshire senators have declared for war, and her governor is in Washington to personally look after affairs. Who says the Granite state isn't in the van?

Mrs. C. H. Clough will have an Easter display of trimmed hats and bonnets on Friday and Saturday, April 8 and 9, at her millinery parlors, Congress street, opposite public library.

Benjamin Green, the well known druggist, has leased the store on the corner of Congress and High streets recently occupied by Williams Brothers. He will move his stock and fixtures into the new store at once.

POLICE COURT

The police court room was packed this morning when it became known that John Sullivan, better known as "Jack," and an old time enemy of the police, was to be tried for drunkenness. He was a hard looking object when he faced Judge Emery. Both eyes were blackened and puffed up so that he could hardly see out of them. He pleaded not guilty but on the testimony of the marshal and the officers who arrested him he was judged guilty and sentenced to six months at hard labor at Brentwood, and to pay costs of court taxed at $8.41 Sullivan appealed and bail was fixed at two sureties at $100 each.

George Laskey was the other victim and he pleaded guilty to being drunk. S. Peter Emery as counsel for Laskey made an eloquent plea for the court to let his client off just this once but it was no go, the judge saying he knew Laskey too well to be taken in by any promises that he might make. He was sentenced to six months at Brentwood and to pay costs taxed at $9.08.

During the trial of Sullivan Judge Emery found it necessary to clear the court room as the crowd made altogether too much noise and disturbed the hearing. Solicitor Kelley conducted both cases in the interest of the city.

IN WASHINGTON

Governor Ramsdell and His Party at the Capital

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Gov. George H. Ramsdell of New Hampshire arrived in this city last evening for a week's visit of observation and pleasure. The governor was accompanied by his daughter and the following party: Gen George Anderson and wife, Nashua; General and Mrs Maynard, Claremont; Col W B Balch, wife and son, Milford; Col W D Swant and wife, Nashua; Gen F S Towle and wife, Portsmouth; Senator T W Hastings, Walpole, and Capt W S Edgerly, U S A, Concord.

Senator Chandler called this morning to pay his respects to the governor. A reception will be given the visiting officials at the Elsmere at an early date, and this afternoon they are to be accorded a reception by the president at the White House.

Brought Here For Interment

The body of the late Isabel Higbee wife of Col. John Higbee, U S M C for a number of years stationed at this yard, was brought to this city on Tuesday, April 5th for interment. Mrs. Higbee died at Brooklyn, N. Y., on January 20th and the body was placed in the receiving tomb there Undertaker Ham took charge of the remains and had them interred in the family lot in Proprietors' cemetery.

When You Are Tired

Without extra exertion, languid dull and listless, your blood is failing to supply to your muscles and other organs the vitalizing and strength-giving properties they require. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures that tired feeling by enriching and purifying the blood. It will give you energy and vigor.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness 25c.

Eggs are Cheap.

Eggs have got so cheap that the hens are seriously contemplating "a combine" or going into other business. When eggs get down to 12 cents a dozen they are cheaper than meat. The season of plenty comes in a good time for when "garden truck" begins to come in who wants anything else? Just now eggs have the call and the little daubs of yellow on one's chin and clothing is taken to be some of the signs of their being considerably "in it."

Assessors Notice.

The board of assessors of the city of Portsmouth N. H. hereby gives public notice that it will be in session for the purpose of receiving the inventories and of hearing any statements which may legally be offered, at the office of city clerk on the evenings of April, from 7 30 to 10 o'clock P. M.

Per. order
C. DWIGHT HANSCOM,
Secretary.

CASCARET stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe 10c.

Buy Your Kid Gloves For Easter Now

The earlier you buy them the better assortment you will find.

Ladies Kid Gloves, button, lacing and clasps, tan, mode, pearl, white and black,

$1.00.

FOYE,

The Ladies' Furnisher.

SURVEYOR.

REAL ESTATE Surveys made and plotted.

FARMS

For Sale and to Rent.

TOBEY'S

Real Estate Agency,

32 Congress St.

FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE

Placed in the Best and Strongest Companies

— BY —

C. E. TRAFTON, - - - Agent,

1 Congress St.,

Portsmouth, N. H.

Second Week

— OF —

THE - CLEARANCE - SALE

— AT —

GEO. B. FRENCH'S

— OF —

The Williams Brothers Stock

Commences

Monday, April 4

New Bargains Added

— AND —

GOOD ONES

EVERY DAY.

This week at HENRY PEYSER & SON'S, special display of new fashions for Men, Boys and Children.

Easter Hats, Ties, Gloves, Spring Overcoats, Spring Suits.

An immense assortment of Childrens Garments for children from 3 years and upward.

HENRY PEYSER & SON.

Wheelbarrows,

Grindstones,

Garden Tools.

PRYOR & MATTHEWS,

16 Market Street.

LEAVITT LESTER

We having purchased the stock and business interests of the late John S. Treat, we shall continue the Granite and Marble business at the old stand, corner of Deer and Vaughan Streets

A large stock of finished Monuments and Tablets now on hand

Call and examine our stock and get our prices.

John E. Leavitt, Thomas G. Lester

Just Think Of It!

James Haugh,

The Custom Tailor,

20 High Street,

Is making stylish suits from $15 up pants $3.00 and upwards. In style and fit they cannot be excelled. Clothing pressed and repaired in a first-class manner.

Your Lace Curtains and Woolen Blankets

When they need cleansing, send them to the

Central Steam Laundry, 61 State St.

Where they will receive prompt and careful attention Laundering in all its branches executed in a thorough manner. Goods called for and delivered.

W. G. WIGGIN, Proprietor

SELL YOUR Real Estate

— Through —

F. D. BUTLER

Real Estate, Fire Insurance and Auctioneer.

Room 7, 1 Congress St.

R. H. HALL,

UPHOLSTERER OF FINE AND MEDIUM FURNITURE.

Manufacturer of all kinds of Cushions and mattresses. Furniture repaired in a first-class manner at short notice.

A Large Assortment of Covers on stamp.

4 Hanover St Near Market

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